



# Case studies – Sterlet monitoring in eastern Austrian Danube

- Large scale acoustic telemetry
- Small scale acoustic telemetry
- Population assessment

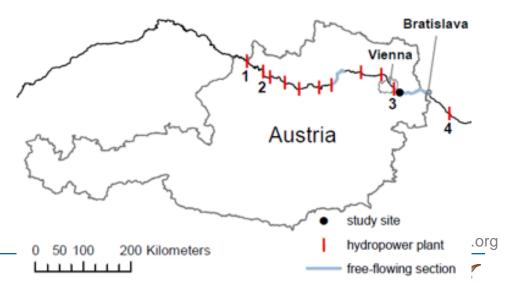
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## Introduction – Sterlet (Acipenser ruthenus)

- 100 cm, 6.5 kg, ~25 years
- Potamodromous
- "critically endangered" in AUT, <1000 individuals estimated</li>
- Austrian Danube
  - Chain of 10 hydropower plants (HPP)
  - One self-sustaining population left (Jochenstein)
  - A second known, no evidence for reproduction (Freudenau)
    - Encountered accidentally in 2014
- Lack of knowledge on habitat use, migrations and population status
  - LIFE Sterlet supportive stocking program







# Telemetry studies – large scale

Array of 14 (16) stationary hydrophones in 2020

Lotek MAP (ID, temperature, pressure, tag life ~1 year)

Mobile tracking once per month

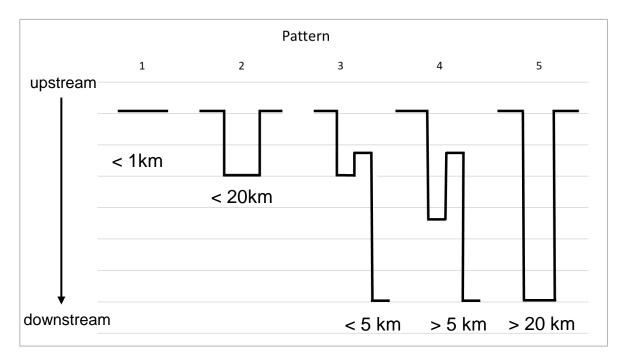


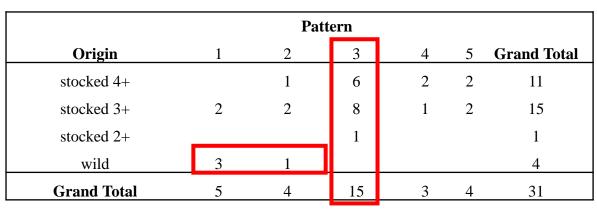


- 33 stocked sterlets (~600 mm mean TL)
- 5 wild sterlets
- Anaesthesia with clove oil
- Tag implantation in abdominal cavity



# **Migration patterns**







- Detections along the whole free-flowing sections
- Aggregation areas below Vienna and in Bratislava
- Variety of migration patterns
  - Pattern 3 most abundant
- Post-stocking downstream migration
  - sterlets were held in ponds before their release



## Telemetry study – small scale

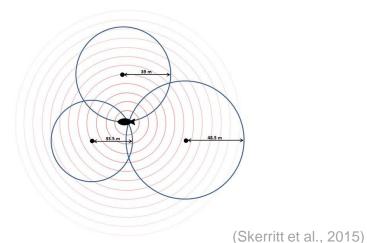
## Array setup spring 2021

- 5 stationary hydrophones
- Deployment in predetermined positions
- Method: **Triangulation** → exact fish position

## Data cleaning & analysis:

- Lotek Software: U-MAP & HOST
- ArcMAP, R Studio, Excel



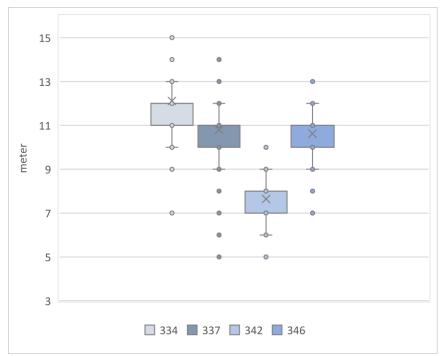




# Residence depth & movement



## Residence depth



depth	334	337	342	346	total
min	7	5	5	7	5
max	15	14	10	13	15
average	11.4	10.7	7.5	10.2	9.7

#### movement





ID	ø <b>activity</b> [m/d]			
334	786			
337	1,670			
342	1,363			
346	1,116			



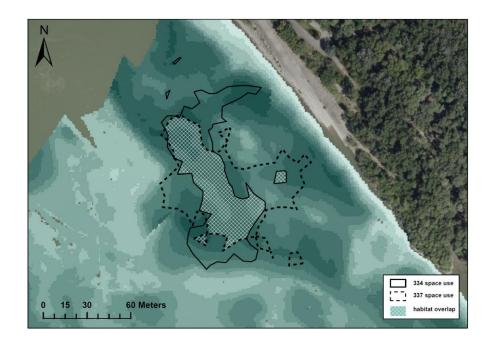
# Space use & habitat overlap







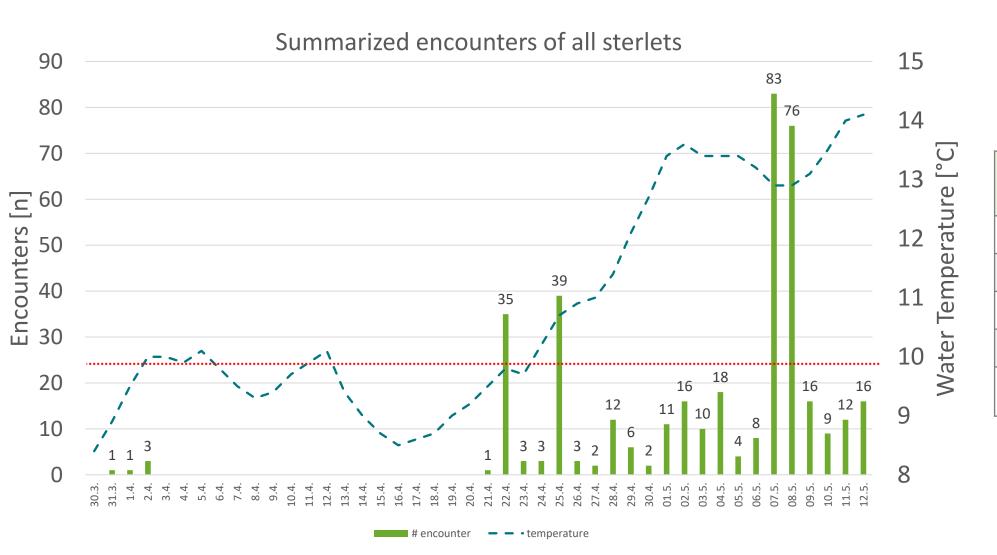
	Array	334	337	342	346
m²	16,978	4,063	4,739	3,734	3,732
%	100	23.9	27.9	22.0	22.0





# **Spatio-temporal activity patterns**





sterlets	nr. encounter
334 & 337	23
334 & 342	22
337 & 342	331
337 & 346	14
Total	390

## **Population assessment**

- Benthic trammel nets
  - Since 2018
  - Seasonal
- **Length/weight** measurement
- **Sex** determination
- PIT tagging, Capture-Mark-Recapture (CMR)
- Genetic samples
- Aim to:
  - Description of sterlet population
  - Assessment of population size
  - Effect of LIFE Sterlet stocking program

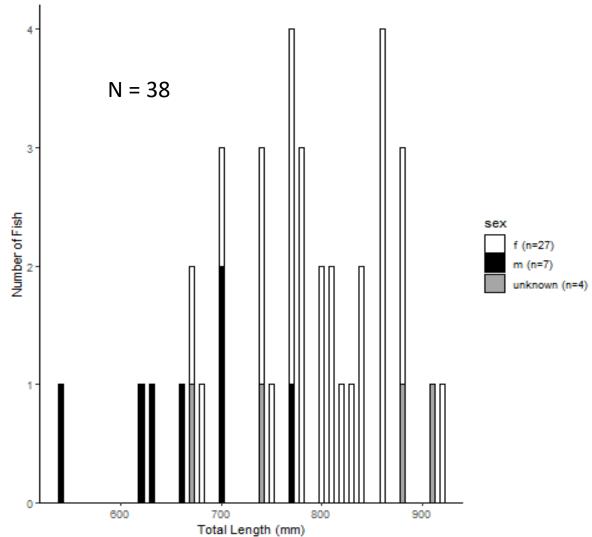




## **Population structure Freudenau**

- 68 captures of 38 individuals
- 2/3 females
- Females larger and heavier than males
- Missing captures of juveniles
- 7 females with eggs in resorption

	TL (in mm)			W (in g)				
sex	min	max	mean	n	min	max	mean	n
f	670	920	800 (± 62.4)	27	1 200	6 300	3 294 (± 1324)	25
m	540	770	660 (± 73.3)	7	750	1 700	$1350\ (\pm358)$	7
unknown	670	910	$800 (\pm 114)$	4	1 500	4 000	2 850 (± 1196)	4



## **Population assessment**

	Ge	CMR		
	Random mating	Non-random mating	POPAN	Closed Mt
Jochenstein	99 (74-136)	60 (41-85)		
Freudenau	75 (46-146)	57 (34-110)	53 (43-80)	48 (42-63)

- Jochenstein population slightly larger
- Estimates of both CMR models similar
- All population estimates very low
- Seasonal effect on capture probability
  - Highest in spring





## **Conclusions**

- Stocked sterlets showed great variability in migrations
  - Individual adaptation?
  - Post-stocking reaction?
- Migration behaviour
  - No relation to temperature changes or discharge observed
- Aggregation below HPP (comp. Jochenstein (Ratschan et al. 2017) & Gabčíkovo)
- No information on natural spawning or spawning grounds
- Domination of **old individuals** in population
- Estimated population size is low

## **Outlook**

- Re-establishment of connectivity!
- Basis for evaluation of LIFE Sterlet stocking program
- Need for habitat identification, protection and restoration
  - Juvenile habitat

Standardized monitoring in Danube region

